

Subparts D–E [Reserved]

Subpart F—Therapeutic Devices

§ 868.5090 Emergency airway needle.

(a) *Identification.* An emergency airway needle is a device intended to puncture a patient's cricothyroid membrane to provide an emergency airway during upper airway obstruction.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5100 Nasopharyngeal airway.

(a) *Identification.* A nasopharyngeal airway is a device used to aid breathing by means of a tube inserted into a patient's pharynx through the nose to provide a patent airway.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996]

§ 868.5110 Oropharyngeal airway.

(a) *Identification.* An oropharyngeal airway is a device inserted into a patient's pharynx through the mouth to provide a patent airway.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996]

§ 868.5115 Device to relieve acute upper airway obstruction.

(a) *Identification.* The device is a raised, rounded pad that, in the event of choking on a foreign body, can be applied to the abdomen and pushed upward to generate expulsion pressure to remove the obstruction to relieve acute upper airway obstruction.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (special controls) (“Class II Special Control Guidance Document for Acute Upper Airway Obstruction Devices”). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to § 868.9.

[65 FR 39099, June 23, 2000; 65 FR 47669, Aug. 3, 2000]

§ 868.5120 Anesthesia conduction catheter.

(a) *Identification.* An anesthesia conduction catheter is a flexible tubular device used to inject local anesthetics into a patient and to provide continuous regional anesthesia.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5130 Anesthesia conduction filter.

(a) *Identification.* An anesthesia conduction filter is a microporous filter used while administering to a patient injections of local anesthetics to minimize particulate (foreign material) contamination of the injected fluid.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5140 Anesthesia conduction kit.

(a) *Identification.* An anesthesia conduction kit is a device used to administer to a patient conduction, regional, or local anesthesia. The device may contain syringes, needles, and drugs.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5150 Anesthesia conduction needle.

(a) *Identification.* An anesthesia conduction needle is a device used to inject local anesthetics into a patient to provide regional anesthesia.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5160 Gas machine for anesthesia or analgesia.

(a) *Gas machine for anesthesia—(1) Identification.* A gas machine for anesthesia is a device used to administer to a patient, continuously or intermittently, a general inhalation anesthetic and to maintain a patient's ventilation. The device may include a gas flowmeter, vaporizer, ventilator, breathing circuit with bag, and emergency air supply.

(2) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

(b) *Gas machine for analgesia—(1) Identification.* A gas machine for analgesia is a device used to administer to a patient an analgesic agent, such as a